# 1st Term Worksheet Subject - English Language

## Class - IV

Nam	e:				Sec.:				
				apter -1]					
	<b>-</b> .	<b></b>		etical Order]					
[A]			at the second letter a	nd arrange					
	the	words in <i>alphabeti</i>	ical order.			[8]			
	1.	paint	pen	pram	plane				
	2.	burp	boast	bake	bench				
	3.	monkey	must	mask	mist				
	4.	dress	den	dust	dim				
[B]	The	first two letters of	each word in the gi	ven sets are the same	e. Look at the third le	tter and			
	arra	inge the words in a	alphabetical order:			[8]			
	1.	cart	cane	cave	cab				
	2.	mock	most	mop	more				
	3.	soap	soon	sorry	socks				
	4.	nest	neck	new	never				
[C]	The first three letters of each word in the given sets are the same. Look at the fourth letter an								
[-]			alphabetical order.	g		[9]			
	1.	mountain		mouth	mausa	[7]			
	Ι.		mourn		mouse				
	2.	correct	core	corn	cork				
	3.	form	fort	fork	force				
	4.	plane	place	plaque	plate				
[D]	Arra	ange these groups	of words in alphabe	tical order:		[9]			
	1.	hold	hard	hump	heap				
	2.	fame	fade	fare	false				
	3.	bright	brisk	brief	bridge				
	4.	true	rare	frank	loyal				

Fun Time: [9]

Arrange 1	the words aive	n below in <i>alb</i>	habetical order.	Write them ii	n the blanks:

donkey	monkey	mouse	doll
door	bed	jug	joke
butter	house	horse	hat
 <del></del>		·	
 <del></del>		<del></del>	

### [Chapter -2] [Parts of Speech]

[A] Read what Sheena is telling her child. Name the parts of speech of the given words: [10]



1.	hush!	
2.	toy, baby, fairy	
3.	little, kind	
4.	speak, bring	
5.	softly	
6.	and	
7.	for	
8.	you	

- [B] Find the nouns, pronouns and adjectives in the following sentences. Write them in the table below: [13]
  - 1. They have bought a new car.
  - 2. She made us a nice cake.
  - 3. Aladdin had a wonderful lamp.
  - 4. He lent me some money.
  - 5. That garden is very lovely.

	Noun	Pronoun	Adjective
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

[C]	Find the <i>verhs, a</i>	dverhs preposition	3 (iv) eng. lang.	<i>interiections</i> in the fo	ollowing sentences			
[0]	Find the <i>verbs, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions</i> and <i>interjections</i> in the following sentences.  Write them in the table below:  [13]							
		ne movie yesterday.			[13]			
	<ol> <li>We saw tr</li> <li>Shh! Spea</li> </ol>							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	rke well					
		h is cheap but it wo						
		d the bus so we wen						
		ey have played exce						
		slowly yet she met		·	T			
	Verb	Adverb	Preposition	Conjunction	Interjection			
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								
6.								
[D]	A clerk arrived a "Very sorry, Sir,"	t the office <i>late</i> . The the clerk said. "I ha	parts of speech of the emanager was angry ave come late because you sleep at home to arrived late angry gosh home	y. se I overslept." oo?"	[14]			
	<i></i>		[Paragraph]					
Moth	ner's Day							

			[Chapter - 14]				
[A]	Com	[Prepositions]  Complete the sentences by choosing the correct prepositions from the brackets:					
ניין	1.	My brother lives		[88]			
	2.		the jug. (in/into)				
	3.		home when he came. (at/in)				
	4.	I came here					
	5.		the bridge. (under/below)				
	6.	He wore a cap					
	7.		her head. (over/on)				
	8.		the water. (over/above)				
	9.	He was thrown					
	10.		John and Ali. (between/among)				
[B]	Unde	erline the prepositions in these so	·	[88]			
	1.	I was born on February 25, 20					
	2.	He stays in London at Crescer	nt Road.				
	3.	The cat is sitting on the Sofa.					
	4.	Sara was behind me.					
	5.	He stood in front of us.					
	6.	This child sat near her mother	<del>-</del> .				
	7.	He jumped into the river.					
	8.	The dog is sleeping under the	chair.				
	9.	They fought among themselve	s for bread.				
	10.	The boy hid behind the chair.					

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### [Number and Gender]

[A]	Write	the plurals	of these nouns:		[22]				
	wall		child						
	brush		ox						
	gas		box						
	thief		donkey						
	day		photo						
[B]	Fill in	the blanks	with the plurals of the nouns given in brackets:		[23]				
	1.	Today, you	u teacher taught us about (ratio)						
	2.	He saw	in the ship. (mouse)						
	3.	Our schoo	I has a number of (bus)						
	4.	All the	ran out of their classroom.(child)						
	5.	The	were beautiful. (photo)						
	6.	Kate has g	got two in her room. (shelf)						
	7.	I have visi	ted two (country)						
	8.	Add two m	nore to 6000 to make it six lakh. (zero)						
	9.	I am four .	and two inches. (foot)						
	10.	0. Adam bought two of bread. (loaf)							
	11.	We saw tw	vo in the desert. (oasis)						
	12.								
[C]	Tick (	) the corre	ct sentence in each set:		[23]				
	1.	(a) The	e passers-by did not look at him.						
		(b) The	e passer-bys did not look at him.						
	2.	(a) Ch	ildren must listen to what grown-up say.						
		(b) Ch	ildren must listen what grown-ups say.						
	3.	(a) He	drank two glassfuls of water.						
		(b) He	drank two glassesful of water.						
	4.	(a) Eli:	Eliza purchased two new toothbrushes.						
		(b) Eli:	za purchased two new toothbrush.						
	5.	(a) Thi	ree truckfuls of goods were sent to the earthquake-hit area.						
		(b) Thi	ree trucksful of goods were sent to the earthquake-hit area.						
[D]	Under	line the cou	untable nouns in these sentences:		[25]				
	1.	I have ma	ny <u>toys</u> .						
	2.	There are	six windows in this house.						
	3.	We should	not cut trees.						
	4.	They were	working on their laptops.						
	5.	We use a s	scale to measure length.						
	6.	The mang	oes are ripe.						
[E]	Under	line the un	countable nouns and circle the countable nouns in these sentences	i:	[25]				
	1.	The juice i	s in the jug.						
	2.	Priya has	long hair.						
	3.	Iron and c	opper are useful metals.						
	4.	The childr	en were playing in the sand.						
	5.	The farme	rs packed the rice in sacks.						

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[F]	Circle the odd one out in each set. State the reason why it is odd:						[25]	
	1.	milk	rice	banana	butter			
	2.	shop	garden	milk	mall			
	3.	electricity	sunlight	heat	pen			
	4.	saucer	cup	hot	teapot			
	5.	pain	illness	health	nose			
[G]	Nam	ne the gender o	f each of the f	ollowing nour	ns. Write M for ma	asculine, F for feminine, C f	or	
	comr	mon and N for	neuter in the	given boxes:			[28]	
	aunt	:	7	friend		baby		
	gran	dfather	<u></u>	doll		saleswoman		
	chair	r [	_ 	landlord		tree		
	cow		_	bride		brother-in-law		
				[Chapte	<u>r – 15]</u>	_		
F A 3				[Conjund			[00]	
[A]		0.		Ü	<i>d, but</i> and <i>becaus</i>		[90]	
	We did not go out it was raining							
	The boy saw the dog he ran away							
[B]	Complete the sentences with <i>and, or, but</i> and <i>so</i> .  1. My father is tall my mother is short.						[91]	
	1.	3		3				
	2.				children love	their parents.		
	3.			darkness fo				
	4.				other has failed.			
	5.				come to school.			
	6.				was not there.			
	7.		•	you will miss				
	8.			sh	ne will fail.			
	9.	•						
	10.				she was warned.			
[B]							[92]	
		1. You cannot go to the movie you attend the class.						
	2.	· ·		it rains				
	3.	•		he wa	3			
	4.			he did				
	5.	Tom passed		he worked	hard.			
	6.	He did not h	nave the mear	ns	he succeeded			
	7.			he co				
	8.	He may go h	nome	he cor	mpletes his work o	on time.		
Fun	Time:						[92]	
	Dolly	y was ill			_	did not wake up.		
	Aara	v slept early			if you r	need me.		
	l wil	l help you			or a me	etro.		
	Rick	y will take a b	us		so she	could not come.		

		7 (iv) eng. lang. <b>[Chapter – 17]</b>						
		[Comprehension (A)]						
[A]	Read	the passage and answer the questions:	[102]					
	Squii	rrels are funny animals with bushy tails. They usually eat fruits, nuts and s	eeds.					
	Most	squirrels live in trees. There are several kinds of tree-squirrels. The red squirrel lives in						
	Euro	pe and Asia. The North American grey squirrel is found in other countries to	oo. Flying					
	squir	squirrels can glide from the tops of trees using the folds of skin between the legs as 'wings'.						
	Chip	Chipmunks are small striped squirrels that live on the ground. They also live in burrows like						
	rats.	They have shorter tails and never climb trees.						
	1.	Answer these questions:	[102]					
	(a)	How do flying squirrels glide from the trees' tops?						
(b) Name the four types of squirrels mentioned i		Name the four types of squirrels mentioned in the passage.						
	(c)	Where do chipmunks live?						
	2	Complete these sentences:	[102]					

a) Squirrels have	Con	nplete these sentences:	[102]				
c) Grey squirrels live in North America and also  d) Squirrels eat  Here is a pair of homophones. Make a sentence with each word so that its meaning becomes clear: [102]  Tail  Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the nar of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	a)	Squirrels have tails.					
d) Squirrels eat  Here is a pair of homophones. Make a sentence with each word so that its meaning becomes clear: [102]  Tail  Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the nar of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	b)	Red squirrels live in Asia and					
Here is a pair of homophones. Make a sentence with each word so that its meaning becomes clear:  Tail  Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the nar of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	c)	Grey squirrels live in North America and also	·				
becomes clear: [102]  Tail  Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the nar of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	d)	Squirrels eat					
Tail  Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the nar of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	Here is a pair of homophones. Make a sentence with each word so that its meaning						
Tale  Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the name of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	becomes clear: [1						
Nut is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means Top is the name of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	Tai	<u> </u>					
of a toy. Top also means  Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	Tal	e					
Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.	Nut	is the name of a dry fruit. Nut also means	Top is the name				
	of a	toy. Top also means					
Write them.	Find out the common nouns, proper nouns, adjectives and adverbs from the passage.						

### 8 (iv) eng. lang. **[Paragraph]**

A Camel	

## 9 (iv) eng. lang. [Chapter – 5]

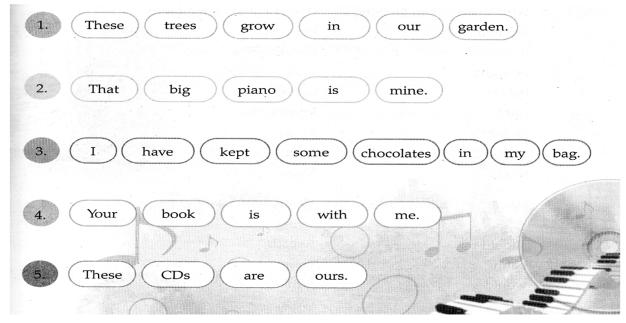
### [Pronouns]

[A]	Underline the pronouns in these sentences. Write which noun they replace in the given blanks:  Where is Nikhil? Has he come?							
	Ben	Ben was absent because he was ill.  This book is very useful. Read it.						
	This							
	The children are tired. They are sleeping.  This is Alisha. She is my sister.  Mike borrowed my umbrella yesterday.							
						He h	as not returned it yet.	
						[B]	Circl	Circle the subject pronouns and underline the object pronoun in the given sentences: [30]
	1.	He gave her a pen.						
2.	She offered me an ice cream.							
3.	They loved her.							
4.	We reached school before them.							
5.	5. He warned them for coming late.							
[C]	Filli	Fill in the blanks with suitable <i>pronouns</i> . [31]						
	1.	What about Heena? Where is?						
	2.	I am thirsty. Get a glass of water, please.						
	3.	I have got the camera is here.						
	4.	I cannot find the pins. Where have you put?						
	5.	They invited to the party but we couldn't attend.						
	6.	"Where is the newspaper?" "You are sitting on"						
	7.	He is talking to you. Please listen to						
	8.	Where are Paul and John? Are coming with us?						
[D]		n the blanks with suitable <i>possessive adjectives</i> and <i>possessive</i> pronouns:	[32]					
	1.	I gave her phone number and she gave me						
	2.	I gave him phone number and he gave me						
	3.	He gave her phone number and she gave him						
	4.	They gave us phone number and we gave them						
	5.	She gave him phone number and he gave her						
	6.	He gave me phone number and I gave him						
	7.	We gave them phone number and they gave us						
	8.	You gave him phone number and he gave you						
	9.	She gave you phone number and you gave her						
	10.	They gave me phone number and I gave them						

[110]

Fun Time:

Colour the boxes which have possessive pronouns blue and those which have possessive adjectives pink:



### [Story Writing]

Hungry foxin a foresta grapevinebunches of juicy grapes hangingdesired to eat the
grapesjumped at the grapescould not succeedjumped a lot of timesstill could not get the
grapesgave up at lastthe grapes are sourwent away.

Read the outlines of the story. Write a meaningful story with the given outlines:

grapesgave up at lastthe grapes are sourwent away.					

[Letter Writing] Your grandfather has sent you some CDs/DVDs for your birthday. Youseful. Write a reply to your grandfather thanking him for the gift:	u found the CDs/DVDs very
<del></del>	