3rd Term Worksheet [2018 – 19]

Subject - English Language Class - VIII

Name	e:	Sec.:	
		[Chapter -10]	
F A 3	Б.	[Reported Speech]	
[A]		s down with fever. The doctor gave him the following advice. Write what Ron may have	.01
	•	-	'9]
		these tablets every six hours.	
		t go out.	
	Rest	in bed.	
	Don't	t force yourself to eat if you've lost your appetite.	
	Drini	k lots of water.	
	Stay	away from other people.	
	1.	The doctor told me to	<u> </u>
	2.	He	<u> </u>
	3.		<u>_</u> .
	4.		_·
	5.		
	6.		
[B]	Chan	nge the sentences into the <i>reported speech</i> :	34]
	1.	"You are not working hard," he said.	
	2.	"I will see you next week," she said.	
	3.	"I've finished my work," said Kunal.	
	4.	"Come in, Anurag," said the manager.	
	5.	"Wait here till I come," he said.	
	6.	He said, "I'll be back soon."	
	7.	"I don't know him," she said.	
	8.	Rimi said, "I'm staying with my uncle."	
	9.	"David broke the glass," said Geetika.	
	10.	"I met him five days ago," he said.	
	11.	'I will answer the phone," said the girl.	
	12.	He said, "I'm leaving for Mumbai tomorrow."	
	13.	He has just said, "I'm leaving for Mumbai tomorrow."	

	14.	"Prateek has taken my camera," said John.	
	15. "Don't copy from the next boy," said the teacher.		
[C]	Rewr 1.	"Where are my glasses?" he said.	[85]
	2.	"What are you doing?" she asked.	
	3.	"When is the nest train?" I asked them.	
	4.	"Where do you live?" he said.	
	5.	"Are you going to the post office?" Ann said.	
	6.	"Is your father in?" he said.	
	7.	"Have your uncle gone to Chennai?" she asked.	
	8.	"Which train did you take?" she asked.	
	9.	"What does this sari cost?" Mona asked the shopkeeper.	
	10.	"Did you understand her?" I said.	
	11.	"Who can do this puzzle?" he said to us.	
	12.	"What's the time?" she asked me.	
	13.	"Is this your pen?" he asked me.	
	14.	"Where are you going for your holidays?" I asked them.	
	15.	"Where did I leave my sweater?" he said.	
[D]	Rewr	rite the sentences in the <i>reported speech</i> :	[86]
	1.	"Would you like tea?" she asked.	
	2.	"Have you been working hard?" he said.	
	3.	"Are you going to marry her?" I asked.	
	4.	"Have you been to Agra?" I said. "What other places have you visited?"	

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5. "Where does Mr. Ashok Mehta live? He said. "Do you think he is at home?"

6. "Good afternoon, Yash," said Robert. "Why are you standing here?"

7. "I've passed my exam." "Congratulations!"

8. "You've stepped on my foot!" "Sorry."

9. "Would you post this letter when you go out?" she said

10. "Happy Christmas!" said Andy. 'Thanks," said John.

11. "The weather is fine," he said. "Shall we go for a picnic?"

12. The teacher looking over Naman's homework, said, "I don't understand how it is possible for a single person to make so many mistakes."

"It wasn't a single person, sir," said Naman proudly. "Father helped me."

[Chapter – 19] [Comprehension]

[A] Read the passage and answer the questions that follow:

[155-156]

Without oil the modern world could not exist. Oil is needed for travel, because it powers our motor cars, buses, trains, aeroplanes and ships. Oil helps machines of all kinds to turn easily. Oil also gives us other substances, such as artificial rubber, artificial materials for clothing, and new materials for making things. Yet till hundred years ago no one used oil for any of these purposes. In fact, no one knew that much oil existed.

Men do not make oil; they find it. They look for oil in many ways. They begin by making a map of the land where they are searching. Then they use the map to help them in choosing a site to explore with more care. They start their work by examining the rock from under the surface and come to know whether oil is likely to be underneath the rock.

To find out how deeply the oil is buried they need to know how far under the surface the rock is. If everything seems hopeful the men now decide to drill down through the rock. In this way they will find out whether oil really does lie underneath it. Often this test-well, as it is called, is far away from any town and there is much work to do before any drilling starts. Houses and roads must be built for the people coming to drill the test-well. Then the big derrick that carries the drill must be put up. This derrick is a strong framework of steel about 45 metres high. The drill is raised and lowered from inside the derrick.

Drilling for loil often means making a well that goes very deep into the earth. Such deep wells have never been made until modern times. The rate of drilling depends upon the kind of rock being drilled: it can be as fast as 60 metres an hour. Drilling is usually done on dry land,

but we can also drill the rock under lakes or seas by putting the derrick on a special platform above the water.

Most of the oil in the world is found in North America, Russia, the Caribbean area (including Trindad) and the Middle East. However, oil is also being found in Nigeria, India and Pakistan. In India the first oilfield to be discovered was at Digboi in Upper Assam. Recently more oil fields have been found in Assam, at Nahorkatiya and Moran. In Western India oil has been flowing from Ankleshwar since 1962.

Wha	it do these paragra	phs deal with? Find suitabl	e headings for them. Choose from the phr	ases
in th	ne box:			
	the derrick	drilling for oil	how to look for oil	
	uses of oil	how oil is made	regions where oil is found	
Para	agraph 1			
Para	agraph 2			
Para	agraph 3 and 4 _			
Para	agraph 5			
How	is oil useful to ma	chines?		
How	do men go about I	ooking for oil?		
Wha	nt is a derrick?			
Com	plete these senten	ces:		
a)	Before the men	decide to drill down throug	n the rock they should	
b)	The rock under	lakes can be drilled by		
c)	Oil is found in t	he following countries:		
d)	In India oil has	been found		
•				

Ó.	Find a.	words in the passage which mean the travel into or through (a place) in or	•			
	b.	make a hole (para 3)				
7.	The	words given below have been used as v	verbs in the paragraph. Make sentences	using		
	them	as nouns:	[156]			
	a.	powers				
	b.	helps				
	C.	look				
	d.	start				
3.	Write	e the synonyms of the following words:	[156]			
	subs	tance a	artificial			
	explo	ore u	underneath			
B]	Read	the poem and answer the questions t		[156-157]		
	Lette	er From A Parent				
	Dear	Sir,				
	I feel	I ought to write				
	About Tom's essay-work last night.					
	Of all the subjects you have set					
	This seemed the most unwise yet.					
	"Describe your family" Tom wrote it					
	So well, I just had to stop it					
	Bein	g handed in:- so did my wife.				
	The	details of your family life				
	Are r	not such a kind, alas				
	That	I should want them read in class:				
	We	did not wish staff				
	To re	ead them for a-lunch-hour-laugh.				
	We tore it out. I realize.					
	You may think what we did unwise-					
	But give it your consideration					
	And please accept my explanation.					
	I tru	st you will not blame my son,				
	For,	after all, the work was done.				
	Your	s truly,				
	Haro	ld Honey bun				
1.	Com	plete the following sentences:		[157]		
	a.	The father stopped his con form sub	mitting the essay to the teacher because	9		
	b.	Submitting the essay to the teacher	would cause the staff of the school to			

d. Tom, according to his father, should be pardoned because	The he followon. The heart followon.	he letter is written to the
The following words from the poem tell us that the parent pleads with the teacher to excuse son. What is the meaning of the expression a-lunch-hour-laugh? [Report Writing] Imagine you are the secretary of the culture club of your school. Write a report of the cultura	he follow on. /hat is the	wing words from the poem tell us that the parent pleads with the teacher to excuse he he meaning of the expression a-lunch-hour-laugh? [Report Writing] you are the secretary of the culture club of your school. Write a report of the cultural
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2.	[Report Writing] Imagine you are a new reporter. You have seen or heard about a road accident and obtained the details of the accident. Write a report of the accident for your newspaper.

-	<u>[Su</u>	mmary Writing]	
The importance of	water		

F
[Email Writing]
During your stay while visiting the Taj Mahal you faced some difficulties. Inform the hotel
authorities about those difficulties you had during your stay. Also suggest how they are left to the
authorities about those difficulties you had during your stay. Also suggest how they could better
their services.

	[Biography]	
Δhraham Lincoln	[Biography]	
Abraham Lincoln	[Biography]	

[Let's Revise 4]

Cha	inge the sentences as directed: [148]
1.	It is never too late to mend. (remove too)
2.	No other metal is as useful as iron. (into comparative)
3.	The boy is climbing the cliff. (into passive)
4.	The letter was written by the clerk. (into active)
5.	How beautiful is night! (into statement)
6.	He must work very hard to make for the lost time. (into compound)
7.	He finished his exercise and put away his books. (into simple)
8.	He confessed his crime. (into complex)
	nbine each set of sentences into one simple sentence by using nouns or phrases in osition: [148]
1.	There goes my brother. He is called Sammer.
2.	The cow provides milk. Milk is a valuable food.
3.	Mr Pundit was elected President. He is a well-known scholar.
4.	Coal is a very important mineral. It is hard, bright, black and brittle.
5.	We saw the picture. it is a very time piece of work.
Wri	[Letter] te a letter to book seller, ordering books.

[Letter] About 20 days ago you sont Ps. 1000 by M.O. to your friend/relative. You have just heard that he (or
About 20 days ago you sent Rs. 1000 by M.O. to your friend/relative. You have just heard that he (or
she) has not received the money. Write a letter of complaint to the portal authorities.

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[Message Writing]

Read this telephone conversation below:

Gerry: Hello, is it 27541572?

Jim : Yes.

Gerry: Is Mr Richards at home?

Jim: No, he isn't.

Gerry: Gerry here. You are Mr Richards' son, aren't you?

Jim : Yes. Would you like to leave a message for my father?

	Gerry:	Yes. My father fell over and injured his leg this morning. He is in Apollo Hospital.
		The doctor has said it is a fracture.
	Jim :	Oh! sorry!
	Gerry:	He has to be in hospital till tomorrow.
	Jim :	I will pass on the message. I think Daddy will see Mr Anderson this evening.
	Gerry:	Thank you. Bye.
	Jim :	Bye.
	Jim has to	go to his friend's house before his father is back. Write the message he would write
for his father.		er.