# 3<sup>rd</sup> Term Worksheet [2018 – 19]

Name:

## <u>Subject – English Language</u> Class - VII

Sec.:

				napter – 12 rasal Verbs]					
[A]	The	letters in underlined w			agraph are jur	mbled up. Wo	rk n pairs to		
	unsci	unscramble them and make meaningful words. The meanings of the phrases are given in							
	brack	cets:				·	[107]		
	Tom	and Jerry are famous	cartoon cha	aracters. Every	yone enjoys th	e cartoons of	this cat and		
	mous	se pair. Tom <u>pekes on</u> (	is always) c	hasing Jerry t	o catch hold of	f him. But Jer	ry <u>sget away</u>		
	(esca	pes) every time. Tom (	does not <u>vi</u> e	<u>eg up</u> (stop) ch	nasing Jerry.	They cannot g	egt along (be		
	frien	dly) with each other but	never stop	troubling each	other.				
	1.			2.					
	3.			4.					
[B]	Choo	se the right word from t	the given op	tions to comple	ete each of thes	se sentences:	[111]		
	1.	The doctor advised hi	m to give		smoking.				
		a. away	b.	off	C.	up			
	2.	He has just got		_ an attack of r	malaria.				
		a. on	b.	over	C.	up			
	3.	Will you look	r	my children til	I I come back?				
		a. up	b.	for	C.	after			
	4.	Sixty people were exp	ected but or	nly forty-two tu	urned	·			
		a. out	b.	up	C.	off			
	5.	How was the exam? H	How did you	get	?				
		a. on	b.	over	C.	off			
	6.	I don't want to take _		much o	f your time.				
		a. down	b.	after	C.	up			
	7.	Please look	th	is word for me.					
		a. up	b.	on	C.	for			
	9.	Relations between the	e two countr	ries have broke	en	·			
		a. down	b.	off	C.	over			
	10.	What's going	r	next door? The	re 's a lot of no	ise?			
		a. on	b.	through	C.	over			
	11.	They have brought		their chil	dren very well	•			
		a. out	b.	off	C.	up			
	12.	Sheila was offered a j	ob as a typis	st, but she turr	ned it	·			
		a. up	b.	down	C.	off			
	13.	I'm looking forward _		my holid	lay.				
		a. to	b.	for	C.	about			
	14.	Could you put me		for the nig	ht?				
		a. down	b.	up	С.	out			
	15.	The story he told you	wasn't true	. He made it _		<u>_</u> .			
		a. up	b.	out	C.	off			

2 eng lang (vii) at the station

	16.	We saw him		at the	station.			
		a. up		b. off		C.	out	
	17.	The company	y is losing a	lot of money,	so it is being	wound		
		a. up		b. off		C.	down	
	18.	Anil takes _		his fathe	er; he is alwa	ys cheerfu	I.	
		a. for		b. off		C.	after	
[C]	Com	plete the senter	nces using th	ne phrasal ver	bs given in t	he box:		[112]
		carry out,	put off,	call on,	keep up,	mak	e out,	hold on
	1.	We have to _		t	he picnic till	next week		
	2.	Can you		wha	it he is sayin	g?		
	3.	We all have	certain dutie	es to		·		
	4.	Would you li	ke to speak	to Mr Thomas	s? Please			for a minute.
	5.	We must		the	reputation o	f our scho	ol.	
	6.	I'd like to		Mr	Ashok Kum	ar this eve	ening.	
				[Word S	_			
[A]		•	nded forms (	of the followin	g abbreviation	ons. Look i	up a dict	ionary when in
	doub							[112]
	1.	UN						
	2.	GMT						
	3.	PSLV						
	4.	GSM						
	5.	GUI						
	6.	HAL						
	7.	IAS						
	8.	IFS						
	9.	IPC						
	10.	ISO						
	11.	LCD						
	12.	LED						
	13.	NSG						
	14.	CEO						
	15.	NRI 						
[B]	Now	write the expa	nded forms (	of the followin	g acronyms.	Look up a	dictiona	ry when in doubt:
								[114]
	1.	NATO						
	2.	LASER						
	3.	SCUBA						
	4.	PIN						
	5.	SIM						
	6.	ZIP						
	7.	INTERPOL						
	8.	RADAR						
	9.	IUPAC						
	10.	GATE						

[C]	Now	3 eng la v write the definitions of these fields of st	•	ıbt: [115
[0]	1.	Anthropology	say. Look ap a diotionally when in doa	Dt. [110
	2.	Astronomy		
	3.	Botany		
	4.	Cardiology		
	5.	Climatology		
	6.	Cosmetology		
	7.	Cryptology		
	8.	Ecology		
	9.	Harmonics		
	10.	Numerology		
	11.	Seismology		
	12.	Zoology		
	12.			
		<u>Clau</u>		
[A]	Drav	w lines to connect the matching halves to	form meaningful sentences:	[116]
		Albert is a	to be early.	
		I'm	are round.	
		Planets	thirsty.	
		It's good	smart man.	
[B]	Writ	te whether the following groups of words	are phrases (P), clauses (C) or sentence	es (S): [117]
	1.	He is the man		
	2.	Sheila went to the post office.		
	3.	Three children		
	4.	Where is the bus stop?		
	5.	The last room		
	6.	Where the children live		
	7.	Long live the king!		
	8.	When I grow up		
	9.	Ten pieces of gold		
	10.	That is the end of the exercise.		
[B]		ntify the main clauses and subordinate cla	auses in the following sentences. Unde	erline the
		in clause and circle the subordinate clause		[118]
	1	I'll phone you when Larrive		[]

- I'll phone you when I arrive.
- 2. He told me that he was learning French.
- 3. When he came in he locked the door.
- 4. I wonder whether that's a good idea.
- 5. Although it rained a lot, we enjoyed our holiday.

4 eng lang (vii) 6. Tell me where you have been. 7. You have to wait until the light changes to green. I don't like stories that have unhappy endings. 8. 9. I wrote it in my diary so that I wouldn't forget. It was so dark that I could see nothing. 10. 11. Since no one asked me, I didn't tell them. 12. The young man who lives on the corner works in a bank. Pick out the subordinate clauses in the following sentences and classify them: [119-120] I doubt whether he will return the book. 1. 2. Come in when I ring the bell. 3. The boy who is standing there is my nephew. He said that he wouldn't come. 4. 5. Do you know where he has gone? 6. My belief is that he is innocent. 7. The aunt who came to see us last week is my father's sister. 8. Would you post this letter for me while you are out shopping? 9. He didn't say where he was going. 10. Have some tea before you go. 11. I would like to retire to the town where I spent my childhood. The woman who lives next door is a doctor. 12. 13. I don't know who he is. 14. Here is the book which you want. I noticed that the door was open. 15. 16. She is prettier than I thought.

Do you know where the accident happened?

Put it back where you find it.

17.

18.

[C]

#### <u>Chapter – 17</u> [Comprehension]

#### Read the passage and answer the questions that follow:

[143]

Swallows and martins their nest out of mud and clay, so they have to construct them in a sheltered place away from the rain. The tailor bird sews leaves together to make its nest. Other weave their nests from grass.

Hollows in the ground and small burrows are also used as nests. Flightless birds, such as the ostrich, dig holes in the ground to hatch and protect their young, and the kingfisher cuts a tunnel into the river bank.

Parrots, doves and some owls do not bother to build a nest at all. They try to find one ready-made to take over. And the cuckoo simply lays its egg in another bird's nest and leaves it there for the other bird to rear.

Swa	llows and martins have to build their nests in a sheltered place away from the rain w
How	do tailor birds make their nests?
	y do other birde build their meets?
———	do other birds build their nests?
Wha	t do ostrich do to hatch and protect their young?
Nam	ne two birds which don't build nests.
In w	hat way is the cuckoo different from the other birds?
Find	I the words in the passage which mean the following:
a.	a hole or tunnel in the ground made by animals
b.	unable to fly
С.	make young birds come out of eggs

# 6 eng lang (vii) Chapter – 18 Composition

### Uses these outlines to write essay:

[148]

Ise	of te	chnol	loav	hv	children	
<b>J</b> 30	UI LC	UI II IU I	IUU Y	NΥ	CHILLIAN CHI	

Many inventions especially electronicslife changed over last 50-years-communication revolution
information ageuse of cell phone, computernumerous applicationsthe Internet-impact on daily
lifemany devices used by childrenadvantages and disadvantages-life changes for betterbu
caution to be used to avoid harmful effectsimportance of adult supervision and guidance
information ageuse of cell phone, computernumerous applicationsthe Internet-impact on dai

# 7 eng lang (vii) Chapter - 18 **Essay** Child labour

	lang	

8 eng lang (vii)
<u>Chapter – 18</u> Write dialogues in your own words for the following situation: [149]
You favourite aunt is visiting. Write a conversation between you and her about your school and the
offer she makes to take you out shopping.

Charter 10
<u>Chapter – 18</u>
Write your own autobiography in a few paragraphs. Include facts about your own life. Make it a
gripping account by dramatizing events and experiences from your own life. [151]
gripping account by aramatizing events and experiences from your own me. [131]

		Chamban 14	
		<u>Chapter – 14</u> [Elements of Sentence]	
[A]	Com	olete each of these sentences with an object:	[121]
	1.	I have bought	
	2.	She teaches	
	3.	He was repairing	
	4.	Cats kill	
	5.	Anil broke	
	6.	She was wearing	
	7.	I often play	
	8.	I know	
[B]	Circl	e the subject and underline the predicate in these sentences:	[122]
	1.	Colombo is the capital of Sri Lanka.	
	2.	A lost opportunity never comes.	
	3.	The books on the table are mine.	
	4.	The moon goes round the earth.	
	5.	Sugar is bad for your teeth.	
	6.	The house at the end of the street is for sale.	
	7.	Shankar, John and Rahim go to school together.	
	8.	Here comes the bus.	
	9.	The programme on Channel 5 was very interesting.	
	10.	The film has come out on video.	
	11.	I use the Internet nearly every day.	
	12.	Over three million Muslims visit the holy city of Mecca every year.	
[B]		a predicate to each of these subjects so as to form a sentence:	[122-123]
נטן	1.	India	
	2.	My mother tongue	
	3.		
	3. 4.	The sun	
	5.		
	6.	These grapes	
	0. 7.	The train	
	7. 8.	Cows	
	6. 9.	English	
		The elephant	
	10.	Computers	

Add	a subject to each of the fo	lowing predicates:	[123]
1.		moves round the sun.	
2.		is the capital of India.	
3.		build nests.	
4.		is the shortest month.	
5.		is the most precious metal.	
6.		has delivered three letters today.	
7.		is a good exercise.	
8.		falls from the clouds.	
9.			
10.		was the first Prime Minister of India.	
Mato	ch the predicate with the s		[124]
	icate	Subject	
	e goes	a snake.	
	er the tree lives	the girl looks!	
	by are	Srinagar is!	
	t a beautiful city	the moments of love.	
	pretty	the bus.	
		ents in the following sentences. Write O against the	ne object and (
	nst the complement:	one in the following sentences. Write o against the	ic object and v
1.	•		
2.	· .	nice	
3.	3		
4.		strict outer games	
5.		student.	
6.		Student.	
7.			
7. 8.		ne this tree house	
9.	3 0		
9. 10.		n programme.	
11.		r programme.	
12.		erday.	
13.			
13. 14.	j		
15.		olants	
		plants.	
16.	IVII ASHOK KUMAI Decai	me a wealthy businessman.	
17.	We missed the first tra	in	
18.	I bought my sister a sil	k sari	
19.	This story is most amu	sing	
20.			
Com	plete each of these senten	ces with an <i>object</i> :	[126]
1.	I have bought		
2.			
3.	We often play		

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4. He broke
7. I like
8. I hate
8. I hate
9. I know
Fun Time: [126]  Complete each sentence with a complement:  1. I am  2. She looks  3. The weather is  4. He became  5. We felt  6. The grapes taste  Chapter – 15  [Simple, complex, compound sentences]  [A] Read these lines of a song from a famous film called The Sound of Music. Underline the clauses and put a tick (\(\sigma\)) next to the complete sentences. Leave out the phrases. Remember that clauses have a subject and a predicate: [127]  Raindrops on roses and whiskers on kittens  Bright copper kettles and warm woolen mittens  Brown paper packages tied up with strings  These are a few of my favourite things!  Girls in white dresses with blue satin sashes  Snowflakes that stay on my nose and eyelashes  Silver white winters that melt into springs  These are a few of my favourite things!  When the dog bites, when the bee stings  When I'm feeling sad
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5. We felt
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These are a few of my favourite things!  When the dog bites, when the bee stings  When I'm feeling sad
When the dog bites, when the bee stings When I'm feeling sad
When I'm feeling sad
T simply remember my ravounte things
And then I don't feel so bad.
[B] All the sentences given below are simple sentences. Underline the main verb in these sentences
(The main verb is a finite verb – it agrees with the subject in person and number.) [128]
Sunny is always the last child to enter school.
<ol> <li>A lot of little children came to watch Jurassic park.</li> </ol>
3. They were excited about the dinosaurs.
4. Some of the scenes were scary.
5. The older children showed interest too.
<ol><li>We can talk to the principal about having one more show.</li></ol>
[C] Underline the main clause and circle the subordinate clause in the following complex sentences:
[128-129]
<ol> <li>Unless you choose the correct answer, the computer will not give you the next question.</li> </ol>
2. Many children went to the summer camp because it was organized in a cool place like

The principal congratulated the parents of the girl who won the bravery award. 3.

Manali.

	Can you tell me w	here those boys ha	lang (vii) ve gone?		
5.	The new fashion n	magazine is the one	e that everybody is to	alking about.	
6.	It is not difficult to	o get one hundred	percent marks in ma	athematics if you	decide to do so
Join	the sentences using	suitable coordinati	ng conjunctions fron	n the box:	[129]
	yet but	S0	therefore	and	
1.	Mary has many pe	ets. The cat is her f	avourite.		
2.	Shiv is very helpfu	ul. He is a good frie	nd.		
3.	The exams are ove	er. The results are	not announced.		
4.	Please switch off t	the lights. Don't for	get to close the mair	n door.	
5.	The house has been	en cleaned thoroug	hly. The guests can a	arrive.	
6.	He offered to drop	me home. I walke	d back.		
Iden	tify and write wheth	er the following se	ntences are simple, o	compound or com	plex: [130]
1.	Every cloud has a	silver lining.			
2.	We invited Tisha	and she came.			
3.	I tried to call him	but his number wa	is engaged.		
4.	The phone rang w	hile I was eating n	ny dinner.		
5.	Don't preach what	t you cannot practi	ce.		
6.	Is he tall or is he s	short?			
7.	Little drops of wat	ter make the ocean			
8.	He finished doing	his homework yet	he continued to stud	dy	
9.	Please come to my	y house whenever y	ou are free.		
10.	It is nearly two ye	ears since I went to	Venice.		
		where no one can fi			
11.	Vou may sit whore	ever you like.			
	I du illay sit wilcit				
12.	-	-	s I was getting in.		
<ul><li>11.</li><li>12.</li><li>13.</li><li>14.</li></ul>	The train suddenly	y started moving a			
12. 13. 14.	The train suddenl	y started moving a because it was rai	ning.		
12. 13. 14.	The train suddenly	y started moving a because it was raid ing sentences are s	ning.		
12. 13. 14. Writ	The train suddenly I went out to play te whether the follow Time and tide wai	y started moving a because it was raid ing sentences are s	ning. simple, complex or co		

[D]

[E]

[F]

5.

6. Prashant is not fond of reading though he loves to watch cartoons.

I am going to learn horse riding this year.

I was happy to be back home.	
<u>Chapter – 17</u>	
[Comprehension]	
the passage and answer the questions that follow:	[144
e a little shadow	
goes in and out with me	
what can be the use of him	
ore than I can see.	
very, very like me	
the heels up to the head;	
can see him jump before me,	
n I jump into my bed.	
unniest thing about him	
e way he likes to grow,	
it all like proper children	
h is always very slow.	
ne sometime shoots up taller	
an Indian-rubber ball,	
the he sometimes gets so little	
there's none of him at all.	
morning, very early,	
re the sun was up	
e and found the shining dew	
every butter-cup.	
ny lazy little shadow,	
an arrant sleepy-head,	
stayed at home behind me	
was fast asleep in bed.	
ver these questions:	
What does his shadow do when the boy jumps into his bed?	
In what way is the shadow unlike children?	
When does the shadow grow years to 112	
When does the shadow grow very tall?	

1.

d.	Sometimes the shadow becomes so little that there is nothing of it. when does this happen?
Ar	
e. <b>A</b> r	When the boy went out one morning, the shadow was not with him. why?
f.	Why does the boy think his shadow is lazy?
Ar	S
g.	Find the word in the passage which means 'very bad'.
Ar	
	[Chapter 10]
	[Chapter - 18] <u>Composition</u>
Pollution	

	[Chapter - 18]	
	Composition	
An unforgettable incident in your life	<del>Somposition</del>	
<b>.</b> gettablee.ae ye <b>e</b> e		

[Chapter - 18]	
Write a travelogue about your own real or imagines visit to an exciting place.	[152]
The a travelegae about your own rear or imagines visit to air exciting place.	[.02]

	·

#### [Chapter - 18] Composition

Study the graph below and answer the questions that follow:

Number of flights operated daily by various domestic airlines 340-325 300 Number of flights 280 250 240 235 2014 220 220 198 200 2015 176 150 160-100-Air India Jet airways Indigo Spicejet Go Air 120 52 85 69 50 Airline 1. airline operates the maximum number of flights in 2015. \_ airline has the second largest increase in the number of 2. flights from 2014 to 2015. 3. The total number of flights operated by Air India and Jet Airways in 2015 is \_ airline has the lowest number of flights in 2014. 4. Using this graph, make one prediction about the number of flights in 2016. 5. [Chapter - 18] [Notice Writing] Mr K.V. Thomas, Senior Lecturer in English, working in a local college, is to give a lecture on 'Spoken English' in your school next Monday. Imagine you are the Secretary of the Cultural Club of your school. Write a notice informing the students about the lecture. [156]

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[Chapter - 18] Poster Making

[157]

Make a poster educating the public on the dangers of drug-addiction.

1.

2.	A cloth shop is going to offer a discount of 50%. Help the owner of the shop to design an attractive poster.
Write	[Chapter - 18] <u>Letter</u> a letter to a firm, ordering goods (e.g books)

[Chapter - 18]
<u>Letter</u>
Write a letter to your news agent, asking him to deliver the newspaper at your new address.

		[Chapter - 16]
		[Punctuation]
A]	Sunr	iya's uncle had a bunch of clues to get to a treasure. Supriya accidentally got hold of a piece
./~]		
	of pa	per which looked like this: [132]
	at the	e end of the village main road there is an old banyan tree there is a rabbit hole at the base
		e the rabbit hole find a bag made of blue silk there is a map in that bag it has the detailed
	direc	tions to the treasure the treasure is under the ruins of an old castle outside the village
	Supri	iya and her brother got together to understand what is written. Can you help the brother
	and s	sister by punctuating this paragraph?
B]	Punc	tuate these sentences /passages: [134-135]
O <sub>J</sub>		
	1.	I have bought carrots beans tomatoes and onions
	2	close the window harry
	2.	close the window harry
	3.	david where is my watch
	٥.	david miloto to my water

ı	r cant go to the office today said the Kumai
١	what are you doing here bhaskar
-	she said what a lovely garden
i	im not free how said sanjay can you come in the evening
	ostrich are the worlds largest birds and can run very fast they can run 60 kilometres an hour
١	we are going to the beach this afternoon would you like to come with us
`	you need the following things paint brushes water colours
- i	ill carry the bag for you said vinay thank you very much said the old man
-	may I come in sir said salim yes replied the teacher
	lets go for a picnic next Sunday ramesh suggested good idea said peter
	why are you late asked the teacher because the class started before I came replied the
ć	childhood is the happiest time and plays a very important role in a persons life so pla and have fun always express your feelings and ideas remember that you are born fre and no one can force you to do anything against your wishes.
-	
- t	[Let's revise 3] he blanks using suitable prepositions from the box: [136]
	t of in spite of instead of according to in view of in addition to
,	Anu spoke to the stranger walking away.
-	the bad weather, we postponed our party.
	The students had to carry the drawing book the art supplies.
_	being warned, the Zoya interrupted the class.
	I stood of the assembly for a long time.

[A]

Jenita did not know how to swim. Her sister did not know how to swim.				
2.	The tailor can repair your shirt. Your mother can repair your shirt.			
3.	Bhaskar confronted the bully. He reported the matter to the principal.			
Fill i	in the blanks using appropriate phrasal verbs form the box, changing the tense if requi	 red:		
	go though take down get on give up put off [136]			
1.	Though she wanted to win, she even before trying	<b>1</b> .		
2.	My mother gets irritated if I doing my homework			
3.	"Could you please the party decorations?"			
4.	If you allow me, I would like to with my work.			
5.	Could you the text once more?			
	derline the subordinate clauses in the following sentences: [137]			
1.	Romila's aunt praised her because she had cleaned her room thoroughly.			
2.	The students were excited when their teacher announced that a field trip was schedu	ıled		
3.	These are the mangoes that my father bought.			
	derline the main clause in each sentence: [137]			
1.	The tourists were clicking pictures while their guide showed around the palace ground	nds.		
2.	The match was over yet the spectators were reluctant to leave the stadium.			
3.	Even though she became famous, Mother Teresa remained humble.			
	inge the following into simple, compound and complex sentences as per the instructions:			
1.	Jason is asleep on the couch. He watched TV all night. (join to make complex senten-			
2.	Riz was very nervous when he entered the examination hall. (rewrite using 'at the ti	me		
3.	Maya's mother is a qualified surgeon. (change to complex sentences beginning with 'Maya is the girl)			
4.	The little kids had lots of fun on the water slides. They had lots of fun on the giant w too. (rewrite as a compound sentence making necessary changes)	/hee		
5.	The truck emitted a lot of smoke and the motorist stopped. (change to complex)			

[G]	Writ	te the full forms	of the followi	ng abbreviatior	ns:	[137]
	1.	ASAP				
	2.	ISRO				
	3.					
		GMT				 
	4.	NH				 
	5.	PMO				 
	6.	CEO				 
	7.	EXT				
	8.	UPSC				
	0.	01 30		[Objection	401	
				<u>[Chapter –</u> [Essay]	<u> 181</u>	
Co-e	ducatio	on		<u> [E33dy]</u>		[148]


