# **3rd Term Worksheet [2018 – 19]**

## Subject - Biology Class - VII

Name	:	Sec. :
		Chapter – 6
Check	Point:	[The Nervous System]
[A]		the blanks: [97]
	1.	Our brain is divided into main parts.
	2.	is located at the top of the brainstem.
	3.	The controls the movements of our muscles.
	4.	controls involuntary actions such as breathing and heart beat.
[B]	Answe	er the following questions: [99]
	1.	Write down the main functions of the following part of a neuron:
	a.	Cyton :
	b.	Dendron :
	C.	Axon :
	2.	Fill in the blanks:
	a.	The main part of a neuron is
	b.	Places where one neuron communicates with another neuron are called
		·
	C.	is a quick automatic response to certain kind of stimuli. It does
		not involve and is controlled by
Keyw		[99]
Axon	:	,
Dendi		
Motor	nerves	:
Neuro	n:	
<b>5</b> 61		
Reflex		
Synap	ose:	
<b>C</b>		
senso	ry nerve	es:

Exer	cise:		` ,		[100-103]
[A]	Mult	ple Choice Questions:			[100]
	(i)	Which of these is the large	est part of the human	brain?	
		(a) Cerebrum	(b)	Cerebellum	
		(c) Medulla oblongata	(d)	Spinal cord	
	(ii)	Which of the following ner	ves carry information	n to the brain?	
		(a) Motor nerves	(b)	Sensory nerves	
		(c) Mixed nerves	(d)	All types of nerves	
	(iii)	In the human brain, think	king is done by the		
		(a) Cerebrum	(b)	Cerebellum	
		(c) Medulla oblongata	(d)	Spinal cord	
	(iv)	If your hand accidentally	touches a hot glass, th	ne command to remove t	the hand from the
		glass is given by:			
		(a) Cerebrum	(b)	Cerebellum	
		(c) Medulla oblongata	(d)	Spinal cord	
	(v)	There are	pair of cranial r	nerves in our body.	
		(a) 10	(b)	11	
		(c) 12	(d)	13	
[B]	Filli	n the blanks:			[100]
	1.	The	cells make up the	nervous system.	
	2.	Actions that are automati	c and do not need thir	nking are	actions.
	3.	The	in the brain contro	ols involuntary actions s	such as beating of
		the heart.			
	4.	The	is protected by the	spine and the	by
		the skull.			
	5.	The ability of the brain to	store information and	d recall it when required	d is called
[C]	Write	T for true and F for false st	tatements:		[100]
	1.	The nervous system contr	ols the activities of al	I the organ systems pre	sent in our body.
	2.	There are 12 pairs of spina	al nerves in our body.		
	3.	Sensory nerves send signa	_		e muscles
	4.	The nervous system consist	·	·	
	5.	Medulla oblongata keeps v	·		
[D]	Look	at the given image and ans	•	·	[101]
	A.				
	a.	Label the different parts of	of the brain.		
	b.	Which is the largest part of	of the brain?		

What are the functions of cerebrum? 	
What is the main function of cerebellun	 n?
	<ul> <li>→</li> <li>→</li> <li>→</li> </ul>
Name the organ being studied.	
_abel the parts 1, 2 and 3.	
State functions of each.	
State the significance of the organ.	

[E]



a.	Defin	ne neuron.	
b.	Label	I the dendrite, nucleus, cyton, axon in it.	
C.		e its function.	
d.	How	does neuron transmit impulse?	
Very :	short a	nswer type questions:	[102]
1.		one word for the following:	
	a.	Control centre of the whole body.	
	b.	Largest part of the brain.	
	C.	Part of the brain that controls movements of muscles.	
	d.	Part of the brain that controls involuntary actions such as breathing heartbeat.	and

b. A  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Short fibres in the neuron that arise from the cell body.  A sheath surrounding the axon.  Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  The different parts of the brain.	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
c. P  c. P  Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	Place where one neuron communicates with other neuron.  ype questions:	[102]
Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	ype questions:	[102]
Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	ype questions:	[102]
Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	ype questions:	[102]
Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	ype questions:	[102]
Short answer ty  Name th  Ans.  What is to a. C	ype questions:	[102]
Name the Ans.  What is to a. C		[102]
Name the Ans.  What is to a. C		[102]
Name the Ans.  What is to a. C		[102]
Name the Ans.  What is to a. C		[102]
Name the Ans.  What is to a. C		[102]
2. What is a. C		
2. What is a. C		
a. C		
a. C		
a. C		
a. C		
۸ یم	the location of:	
Ans	Cerebrum b. Cerebellum c. Medulla oblongata	
3. What are		
Ans	re the main parts of a neuron?	
	re the main parts of a neuron?	

#### 7 bio (vii)

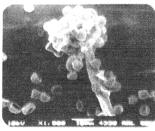
Differentiate between:	
Sensory nerves and motor nerves:	
Cranial nerves and spinal nerves :	
Write a short note on reflex actions.	[100

# Chapter - 7 [Allergy]

### **Check Point:**

[A]	Fill ir	n the b	lanks:			[107]
	1.	The	antigens that produce allergic	reactions in	the bodies with whom they	interact are
		calle	ed	_•		
	2.	Aller	rgen can enter in the body thr	ough three m	ain pathways namely	
					and	
			·			
	3.	Aller	rgies that occur in a particular	r season are c	alled	
		aller	gies.			
	4.	Aller	rgies due to dust are examples	s of	allergy.	
Keyw	vords:					[111]
Aller	gens:					
Hista	amine:					
Perer	nnial al	 leraies				
		g				
Seaso	nnal alle	eraies:				
<b>O</b> out	orial arr	o. g. oo.				
Exer	cise:					[111-113]
[A]		ple Ch	noice Questions:			[111-112]
	(i)	-	m should we consult to know	about allergy	?	[]
	(-)	(a)	Allergens	(b)	Allergist	
		(c)	Physician	(d)	None of them	
	(ii)		ch kind of allergy is caused du			
	(,	(a)	Dust mite	(b)	Dust	
		(c)	Pollen	(d)	Food	
	(iii)		n do seasonal allergies occur?		1 000	
	(111)	(a)	Throughout the year	(b)	Every season	
		(c)	Some specific seasons	(d)	None of these	
	(iv)		ch symptom occurs commonly			
	(10)	(a)	Wheezing	(b)	Stomachache	
		(a) (c)	Skin rashes	(d)	Nausea	
	(,,)				Ivausea	
	(v)	(a)	n do perennial allergies occur Summer		Throughout the year	
		• •		(b)	Throughout the year	
[D]	<b>⊏</b> :!! !∞	(c)	Spring	(d)	Winter	[110]
[B]			lanks:		unic manakiana ana adhad ah	[112]
	1.		that			iergy.
	2.		weak the beautiful and t	_		
	3.		response to allergens, the boo			
	4.		must consult an	to	Know about allergies and	tneir
	_	•	entive measures.			
	5.		allergy o	•		
	6.	Eati	ng a	builds our in	nmune system.	

[F] Observe the given picture and answer the following questions:



	1. Ans.	What does the given picture show? Name it.
	7 11 10 1	
	2. Ans.	How does it affect human beings?
[G]	Long	answer type questions: [113]
	1.	Differentiate between seasonal and perennial allergy? Give examples to support your answer.
	Ans.	
	2. Ans.	What is photosensitivity? How does it occur? Describe its symptoms and care?

	s, symptoms and	preventions of	the following al	lergies:
Pollen allergy:				
Dust mite:				
Dust:				
Food items:				