

2nd Term Worksheet [2018 – 19]

Subject – Geography

Class – VII

Name :

Sec. :

Chapter – 6

[Industries]

Glossary:

[67]

Ancillary industries: _____

Capital: _____

Concessions: _____

Economies: _____

Foreign exchange: _____

Infrastructure: _____

labour-intensive: _____

Self-sufficient: _____

Exercise:

[67-68]

[A] Choose the correct answers: [67]

- Which is the world's most important natural fibre?
(a) jute (b) rubber (c) cotton
- _____ is the leader in IT enabled services like outsourcing.
(a) India (b) China (c) USA
- _____ industries receive their raw materials from forests.
(a) mineral-based (b) forest-based (c) animal-based
- Shipbuilders are also known as _____.
(a) shipwrights (b) shipleaders (c) shipcaptains
- Which is not a product of consumer goods industry?
(a) paper (b) tractors (c) cloth

[B] State whether the sentences are true or false: [68]

- IT has revolutionized the global platform for business, education and communication. _____
- Commercial fishing and fish farming are some of the sub-industries of the automobiles industry. _____
- Cottage industries do not create environmental problems. _____
- Consumers and governments should encourage companies to increase pollution. _____
- Brazil is the largest producer of sugar in the world. _____

- [C] Fill in the blanks with suitable words: [68]
1. Coal, _____ and _____ are the three important conventional sources of power.

2. The construction of ships and other floating vessels is called _____.

3. _____ gases released from factories pollute the air.

4. The _____ industry is considered as one of the most important economic sectors in the world in terms of revenue.

5. A country is able to earn valuable _____ exchange by exporting its excess produce.

- [D] Answer the following in 1-2 sentences: [68]
1. What is meant by the term 'industry'?
Ans. _____

2. List the five stages involved in the manufacture of cotton cloth.
Ans. _____

3. Why is steel extensively used in construction?
Ans. _____

4. Name the countries that dominate the ship building industry in the world.
Ans. _____

5. Why do you think most cotton textile mills are based in Maharashtra and Gujarat?
Ans. _____

- [E] Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences: [68]
1. Write a short note on the sugar, fishing and automobile industries.
Ans. _____

2. Give reasons why iron and steel industry is often referred to as the backbone of modern industry.

Ans. _____

3. How is mineral-based industry different from an animal – based industry?

Ans. _____

4. What are agro – based industries? Why are they considered significant in India?

Ans. _____

5. How are agriculture and industries dependent on each other?

Ans. _____

[F] Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences: [68]

1. What is large scale industry? Discuss its importance.

Ans. _____

Ans.

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Ans.

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[illegible][illegible]

[68]

[illegible]

[H]

Picture study:

[68]

From the pictures the industry and number the pictures in order of the process from the raw material to the finished product.



Chapter – 7

[Energy and Power Resources]

Glossary:

[72]

Anthropogenic:

End-user:

Fossil Fuel:

Geothermal:

Hydrothermal:

Megawatt:

Ventilation:

Exercise:

[73-74]

[A]

Choose the correct answers:

[73]

1. India is the _____ largest producer of hydroelectric power in the world.
(a) fifth (b) sixth (c) seventh
2. Which of the following is not an example of a biomass energy source?
(a) wood (b) gobar gas (c) wind
3. _____ was formed from the remains of swamp vegetation.
(a) potato (b) coal (c) carrot
4. Which of these are non-renewable energy sources?
(a) petroleum (b) sun (c) water
5. Non-renewable energy sources constitute _____ per cent of the fuel use.
(a) 60 (b) 80 (c) 50

[B] State whether the sentences are true or false: [73]

1. There is the same amount of energy today as when the world began. _____
2. Bhakra Nangal is the smallest dam in India. _____
3. Bio energy improves quality and water retention capacity of the soil. _____
4. Wind energy is available at all times. _____
5. Tidal energy is an indirect form of solar energy.

[C] Fill in the blanks with suitable words: [73]

1. _____ sources of energy. Which once used up, cannot be replenished for millions of years.
2. Hirakund dam is built across the _____ river.
3. _____ energy is obtained from sunlight.
4. Natural Gas is also used as a fuel for _____.
5. Coal, oil and natural gas are the most _____ sources.

[D] Answer the following questions in 1-2 sentences: [74]

1. Give few examples of primary and secondary energy sources.

Ans. _____

2. What are non-renewable sources of energy? Give examples.

Ans. _____

3. Define renewable energy. Give examples.

Ans. _____

4. Name some of the cleaner and more sustainable methods of electrical power.

Ans. _____

5. What do you mean by the term 'conservation'?

Ans. _____

[E] Answer the following questions in 4-5 sentences: [74]

1. What is the primary objective of energy conservation?

Ans. _____

2. What is the need for exploring alternative sources of energy?

Ans.

3. Which source of energy would you use for heating your food and why?

Ans.

4. What is Wind Power? Mention some of its uses.

Ans.

5. Write a short note on tidal power.

Ans.

[F] Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences: [74]

1. What are the most commonly used sources of power? Discuss each one of them briefly.

Ans.

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2. Solar energy has been used by humans for long time for uses such as heating, cooking food, removing salt from seawater and drying clothes. How has it emerged as an alternative source of energy?

Ans.

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3. Make a list of the advantages of renewable sources of energy.

Ans.

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

Ans. _____

[illegible]

[G] Think and Answer:

[74]

1. "The energy depletion comes at the cost of creating an enormous destructive waste product that then impacts life on Earth". Discuss and find solutions to this situation.

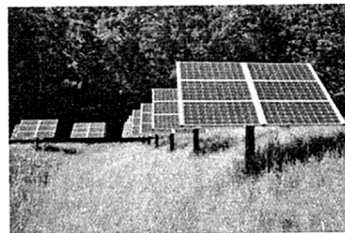
Ans.

[illegible]

[H] Picture study:

[74]

Look at the pictures and write few lines about these alternate sources of energy shown here.



Ans.

[illegible]

12 geo (vii)
Chapter – 8
[Europe – Resources]

Glossary: [85]

Extensive farming: _____

Mixed farming: _____

Peninsula: _____

Steppes: _____

Tundra: _____

Viticulture: _____

Exercise: [39-40]

[A] Choose the correct answers: [39]

- Which is the smallest continent?
(a) Europe (b) Australia (c) Asia
- Potash can be used for _____.
(a) fireworks (b) glass making (c) X – rays
- Water is used to generate _____.
(a) hydroelectricity (b) wind power (c) methane
- The best fishing in Europe can be found in _____.
(a) land (b) oceans (c) artificially cultivated water bodies
- Some plants and bushes have thorns instead of leaves in the Mediterranean region to prevent _____.
(a) evapo-transpiration (b) condensation (c) evaporation

[B] State whether the sentences are true or false: [86]

- The mixed forest belt is found in Eastern and Central Europe. _____
- The Marine West Coast is also known as the British type of climate. _____
- Intensive and extensive are the only two types of farming methods practised in Europe.

- North – Western highlands stretch from Urals of Russia to Britain. _____
- The Apennines lie in Italy and actually resurface as the Atlas Mountains in the continent of Africa. _____
- The Volga is the longest river in Russia. _____

[C] Fill in the blanks with suitable words: [85]

- South of the Great Plains lie the _____.
- Almost _____ of the European continent consists of pastures.
- The Carpathian mountains form a part of the _____.
- One of the areas with the richest soil is found in the plains of Russia are the _____.
- The Arctic summers are _____ and _____.
- _____ is known as the 'Country of Thousand Lakes'.

[D] Answer the following questions in 1-2 sentences: [86]

- Give the latitudes and longitudes within which Europe is located.

Ans. _____

2. Name the mountain system that existed before the Alpine System.

Ans.

3. Name two countries where coal can be found in Europe.

Ans.

4. Name two varieties of bushes found in the Mediterranean region.

Ans.

5. What are the physical divisions of Europe?

Ans.

[E] Answer the following questions in 4-5 sentences:

[86]

1. Describe the climatic condition in the Tundra region.

Ans.

2. What is a peninsula?

Ans.

3. What are fiords?

Ans.

4. How were the Alps a barrier to commerce? What has been done to overcome that?

Ans.

5. What is evapo – transpiration?

Ans.

[F] Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences:

[86]

1. Give a description of the Central Uplands.

Ans.

2. Write down the natural resources found through our Europe and give details on fishing and minerals.

Ans.

Ans.

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Ans.

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5. What reasons would you attribute to Europe being so highly developed?

Ans. _____

[G] Think and Answer: [87]

1. Why is there less rainfall in central European countries?

Ans. _____

[H] Complete the table: [87]

The mixed forest belt is found in	
Forest resources come from the forests of the Taiga belt in	
	is the highest peak of the Alps
The Pyrenees Mountains stretch between	

[I] Name the following: [87]

1. The warm winds that blow from the southwest.

2. The fertile grasslands within the Continental types of climate.

3. Reclaimed land from the sea by building dykes.

4. Young fold mountains stretching from the Atlantic coast to the Caspian Sea.

5. Busiest river which flows into the North Sea

[J] Picture study:



[87]

1. Can you identify the animals?

Ans. _____

2. In which climate regions can we find them?

Ans. _____

3. Can you name some plants that grow in this region?

Ans. _____

Chapter – 9

[Europe – Political Divisions and Demography]

Glossary: [95]

Balkan states: _____

Baltic states: _____

Lowland countries: _____

Scandinavian countries: _____

Exercise: [95-96]

[A] Choose the correct answers: [95]

1. The largest country in the world is _____.

(a) Russia (b) India (c) Brazil

2. There are _____ countries altogether in Europe.

(a) 65 (b) 32 (c) 40

3. The smallest country in Europe is _____.

(a) Vatican city (b) Italy (c) Latvia

4. Number of persons per sq Km in Europe is _____.

(a) 50 (b) 60 (c) 70

5. Tundra is sparsely populated along with _____.

(a) Western Europe (b) Taiga (c) Balkan States

[B] State whether the sentences are true or false: [95]

1. Europe is the second largest continent in the world. _____
2. Industrial growth and good transportation attract people to Europe from less developed countries. _____
3. The Netherlands belongs to the Lowland countries. _____
4. The distribution of population in Europe is not even. _____
5. Scandinavia consists of three countries. _____

[C] Fill in the blanks with suitable words: [95]

1. A major part of Europe has a _____ density of population.
2. Europe has attracted outsiders for its _____ and standard of living.
3. _____ Europe is densely populated because of its topography, climate and economic activities.
4. European _____ has contributed to the richness of the country.
5. Balkan states lie in the _____.

[D] Name the following: [96]

1. Low Countries are also known as

2. Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Finland and Iceland are commonly called

3. I am the smallest country in the world

[E] Answer the following questions in 1-2 sentences: [96]

1. Which is the second smallest continent?
Ans. _____

2. Which is the most densely populated region in Europe?
Ans. _____

3. What is the concentration of population per square kilometer in Europe?
Ans. _____

4. Approximately how many languages are spoken in Europe?
Ans. _____

5. What are the largest and the smallest countries in Europe?

Ans. _____

6. Name four different languages spoken in Europe.

Ans. _____

[F] Answer the following questions in 4-5 sentences: [96]

1. Why do outsiders get attracted to European countries?

Ans. _____

2. Name two regions that are sparsely populated in Europe. Why do you think these areas are sparsely populated?

Ans. _____

3. What are the Balkan and Baltic states?

Ans. _____

4. Which countries are called lowland countries?

Ans. _____

5. What does Iberian peninsula comprise of?

Ans.

[illegible]

[F] Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences:

[96]

1. How did the colonies help European nations become powerful?

Ans.

[illegible]

2. How do you describe the concentration of population in Europe?

Ans.

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

5. Write a short note on the transport network of Europe.

Ans.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

[G] Think and Answer:

[96]

Which areas of Europe are most economically advanced? Give reasons for your answer.

Ans.

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[H] Picture study:

[96]



1. In which European nation is this monument located?

2. When was this monument built?

3. Does this country fall within the EU?

[Case Study – 1]
[Tourism in Switzerland]

Exercise:

[98]

[A] Choose the correct answers:

[98]

1. Switzerland is located in which continent?

(a) Asia (b) Europe (c) Africa

2. Which of these is not a city in Switzerland?

(a) Genewa (b) Zurich (c) Paris

3. What is Switzerland famous for?

(a) chocolates (b) balloons (c) books

4. Which of these is a famous Swiss dish?

(a) potato fondue (b) pizza (c) noodles

5. What kind of festival is Easter egg market?

(a) secret (b) scared (c) sacred

[B] State whether the sentences are true or false:

[98]

1. Switzerland is known as 'Parachute on Earth'.

2. The culture of Switzerland is largely a mix of Italian, French and German. _____

3. Switzerland is famous all over the world for the best range of watches. _____

4. Tourists from only one part of the world enjoy this destination. _____

5. Banking and finance are key industries of Switzerland. _____

[C] Fill in the blanks with suitable words:

[98]

1. Switzerland is a _____ Central European country

2. Swiss _____ and _____ have made their own mark globally.

3. The country offer amazing sights of the _____ Alps.

4. _____ is also very famous dish of Switzerland.

5. Switzerland is one of the _____ countries in the world.

[D] Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences:

[98]

1. Name some of the must visit destinations of Switzerland.

Ans.

2. Name a few things for which Switzerland is famous.

Ans.

3. Name two sacred festivals of Switzerland.

Ans.

4. What is Swiss cuisine famous for?

Ans.

5. Why is Switzerland one of the wealthiest countries in the world?

Ans.

[E] Think and Answer:

[98]

1. Why do you think Switzerland is known as 'Paradise on Earth'?

Ans.

2. Why do you think the culture of Switzerland is largely a mix Italian, French and German?

Ans.

