

1 iii Social Studies
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
IInd Term
CLASS: III
SUBJECT: Social Studies

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Chapter – 7 & 8
[Safety rules: At home/School, Safety rules: on the road]

- Question 1) A small mechanical or electronic device or tool is known as –
(a) gadget ☐ (b) first aid ☐ (c) sockets ☐ (d) footpath ☐
- Question 2) Never touch an electronic socket when your hands are –
(a) dry ☐ (b) wet ☐ (c) dirty ☐ (d) clean ☐
- Question 3) Never play with –
(a) toys ☐ (b) teddy bears ☐ (c) robots ☐ (d) sharp objects ☐
- Question 4) Keep the floor of the rooms –
(a) dirty ☐ (b) wet ☐ (c) dry & clean ☐ (d) untidy ☐
- Question 5) Never leave toys, utencils etc. or someone –
(a) slip and fall ☐ (b) laugh ☐ (c) take ☐ (d) throw ☐
- Question 6) Do not take any medicine without consulting a –
(a) farmer ☐ (b) teacher ☐ (c) doctor ☐ (d) soldier ☐
- Question 7) Never let _____ into the house –
(a) uncle ☐ (b) relatives ☐ (c) aunt ☐ (d) strangers ☐
- Question 8) Never rush down the –
(a) stairs ☐ (b) road ☐ (c) fair ☐ (d) market ☐
- Question 9) You should memorise your –
(a) name ☐ (b) phone number ☐ (c) address ☐ (d) all above ☐
- Question 10) Always stand in a _____ while boarding the school bus –
(a) queue ☐ (b) at the back ☐ (c) in between ☐ (d) in front ☐
- Question 11) Always play in/on –
(a) road ☐ (b) library ☐ (c) play ground ☐ (d) classroom ☐
- Question 12) Never talk to _____
(a) old people ☐ (b) neighbours ☐ (c) relatives ☐ (d) strangers ☐
- Question 13) The main reason for accidents is –
(a) carelessness ☐ (b) carefulness ☐ (c) politeness ☐ (d) none of these ☐
- Question 14) Roads are meant for –
(a) running ☐ (b) playing ☐ (c) jumping ☐ (d) walking ☐
- Question 15) We should walk on the –
(a) footpath ☐ (b) middle of the road ☐ (c) divider ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 16) Always wear _____ while sitting in a car
(a) jacket ☐ (b) uniform ☐ (c) seatbelt ☐ (d) T-shirt ☐
- Question 17) We should follow the traffic rules to avoid –
(a) happiness ☐ (b) sadness ☐ (c) accidents ☐ (d) festivals ☐
- Question 18) In case of an accident person should be given –
(a) sweets ☐ (b) toffees ☐ (c) chips ☐ (d) first aid ☐
- Question 19) A box containing cotton, antiseptic lotion, bandage etc. is called –
(a) first aid box ☐ (b) colour box ☐ (c) treasure box ☐ (d) pencil box ☐
- Question 20) To put off the fire we should cut the oxygen supply and pour –
(a) milk ☐ (b) juice ☐ (c) water ☐ (d) cold drink ☐

- Question 21) A touch that makes us feel uncomfortable is a –
 (a) good touch ☐ (b) bad touch ☐ (c) both of these ☐ (d) none of these ☐
- Question 22) A broken bone is called –
 (a) joint ☐ (b) burnt ☐ (c) fracture ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 23) In case of bleeding, we should apply –
 (a) sunscreen ☐ (b) fairness cream ☐ (c) antiseptic lotion ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 24) A good touch is a way to show –
 (a) love ☐ (b) care ☐ (c) help ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 25) Black and white coloured crossing for pedestrian to cross the road is –
 (a) zebra crossing ☐ (b) tiger crossing ☐ (c) leopard crossing ☐ (d) giraffe crossing ☐

Chapter – 9 **[Our Heritage]**

- Question 1) The history, culture, traditions that form the character of a society or country is called –
 (a) tradition ☐ (b) heritage ☐ (c) monuments ☐ (d) buildings ☐
- Question 2) The Himalyas and their forests are in the –
 (a) North ☐ (b) South ☐ (c) East ☐ (d) West ☐
- Question 3) All the things that form a part of our culture are also a part of our –
 (a) cultural heritage ☐ (b) natural heritage ☐ (c) literature ☐ (d) buildings ☐
- Question 4) In India, we celebrate these festivals –
 (a) Holi ☐ (b) Christmas ☐ (c) Eid ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 5) Each state of India has its traditional dress and –
 (a) Epics ☐ (b) Jataka tales ☐ (c) character ☐ (d) food habits ☐
- Question 6) Dal-Bati-Churma' is famous cuisine of –
 (a) Delhi ☐ (b) Punjab ☐ (c) Rajasthan ☐ (d) Hariyana ☐
- Question 7) 'Sambar-Idli-Vada' is famous dish of –
 (a) Himachal Pradesh ☐ (b) Jharkhand ☐ (c) Uttar Pradesh ☐ (d) Tamil Nadu ☐
- Question 8) The most common outfit for women of India is –
 (a) Saree ☐ (b) T-shirt ☐ (c) Kurta Pajama ☐ (d) Lehanga ☐
- Question 9) The men's outfit are –
 (a) Dhoti-Kurta ☐ (b) Kurta-Pajama ☐ (c) Shirt-trouser ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 10) The women's outfit are –
 (a) Saree ☐ (b) Salwar Kameez ☐ (c) Ghagra Choli ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 11) Some musical instruments are –
 (a) Bharatnatyam ☐ (b) Kathak ☐ (c) Odissi ☐ (d) None of these ☐
- Question 12) Which is not a musical instrument?
 (a) table ☐ (b) shehnai ☐ (c) sitar ☐ (d) dandiya ☐
- Question 13) Which one is not a form of folk dance?
 (a) Bihu ☐ (b) Kathak ☐ (c) Lavni ☐ (d) Garba ☐
- Question 14) The textile craftwork of 'Chikankari' belong to –
 (a) Lucknow ☐ (b) Kashmir ☐ (c) Bihar ☐ (d) Bengal ☐
- Question 15) Wrestling, chess, kabbadi etc. are the part of –
 (a) literature ☐ (b) dance ☐ (c) music ☐ (d) sports ☐
- Question 16) Ramayan, Mahabharat, Bhagawad Gita are the part of our –
 (a) literature ☐ (b) sports ☐ (c) paintings ☐ (d) language ☐
- Question 17) The Panchtantra' is written by –
 (a) Ved Vyas ☐ (b) Vishnu Sharma ☐ (c) Valmiki ☐ (d) none of these ☐

- Question 18) Different kinds of buildings and monuments are the part of our –
 (a) heritage ☐ (b) Epics ☐ (c) language ☐ (d) food ☐
- Question 19) Which one is not a place of worship?
 (a) church ☐ (b) temple ☐ (c) jataka tales ☐ (d) mosque ☐
- Question 20) A small painting is called –
 (a) miniature ☐ (b) literature ☐ (c) diversity ☐ (d) preserve ☐
- Question 21) The process of protecting something from being destroyed –
 (a) conserve ☐ (b) population ☐ (c) production ☐ (d) manufacture ☐
- Question 22) _____ is famous in Jaipur?
 (a) Mysore place ☐ (b) Red Fort ☐ (c) Taj Mahal ☐ (d) City Palace ☐
- Question 23) The _____ is the collection of animal fables.
 (a) Bhagwad Gita ☐ (b) Ramayan ☐ (c) Vedas ☐ (d) Panchtantra ☐
- Question 24) Indian music is divided into _____ types of music –
 (a) one ☐ (b) two ☐ (c) three ☐ (d) four ☐
- Question 25) India has _____ states : -
 (a) 29 ☐ (b) 30 ☐ (c) 15 ☐ (d) 14 ☐

Chapter – 10 **[Celebration Time]**

- Question 1) Festivals that are celebrated by the entire country is called –
 (a) religious festivals ☐ (b) national festivals ☐ (c) regional festivals ☐ (d) none of these ☐
- Question 2) The policy of non-violence is known as –
 (a) Ahimsa ☐ (b) Satyagraha ☐ (c) festival ☐ (d) none of these ☐
- Question 3) The festivals celebrated in specific regions of India is called –
 (a) regional festivals ☐ (b) national festivals ☐ (c) religious festivals ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 4) Republic Day celebrated on –
 (a) 26 January ☐ (b) 15 August ☐ (c) 2nd October ☐ (d) 25 December ☐
- Question 5) Onam is celebrated in –
 (a) Punjab ☐ (b) Bihar ☐ (c) Kerala ☐ (d) Hariyana ☐
- Question 6) Independence Day is celebrated on –
 (a) 2 October ☐ (b) 14 January ☐ (c) 26 January ☐ (d) 15 August ☐
- Question 7) These are the festivals celebrated by Hindus –
 (a) Holi ☐ (b) Diwali ☐ (c) Dussehra ☐ (d) all of these ☐
- Question 8) The Prime Minister hoists the national flag on Independence Day here –
 (a) Red Fort ☐ (b) Qutub Minar ☐ (c) Victoria Memorial ☐ (d) Lotus Temple ☐
- Question 9) _____ is known as 'Father of the nation'.
 (a) Subhash Chandra Bose ☐ (b) Mahatma Gandhi ☐
 (c) Jawahar Lal Nehru ☐ (d) Bhagat Singh ☐
- Question 10) 'Swachh Bharat Abhigyan' was introduced by –
 (a) Mr. Narendra Modi ☐ (b) Mrs. Sonia Gandhi ☐
 (c) Miss Mayawati ☐ (d) Miss Mamta Banerjee ☐
- Question 11) Onam is celebrated in honour of king –
 (a) Rama ☐ (b) Dashratha ☐ (c) Mahabali ☐ (d) Vikramaditya ☐
- Question 12) Durga Puja is celebrated in the state of –
 (a) Bengal ☐ (b) Punjab ☐ (c) Himachal Pradesh ☐ (d) Chatt ☐
- Question 13) The most popular festival in Tamil Nadu is –
 (a) Pongal ☐ (b) Onam ☐ (c) Bihu ☐ (d) Durga Puja ☐

Question 14) 'Lohri' is popular festival of –

- (a) Bengal ☐ (b) Punjab ☐ (c) Bihar ☐ (d) Kashmir ☐

Question 15) During christmas, children decorate the –

- (a) christmas tree ☐ (b) Mango tree ☐ (c) banana tree ☐ (d) Neem tree ☐

Question 16) During Eid, people eat –

- (a) Sandwich ☐ (b) Pizza ☐ (c) Sewain ☐ (d) Burger ☐

Question 17) During Gurupurab, people eat –

- (a) Halwa ☐ (b) Kheer ☐ (c) Laddu ☐ (d) Langar ☐

Question 18) During Durga Puja, bhog is distributed to everyone visiting the –

- (a) pandal ☐ (b) tent ☐ (c) igloo ☐ (d) none of these ☐

Question 19) The traditional dishes eaten during Lohri are –

- (a) makke di roti ☐ (b) jaggery ☐ (c) sarson da saag ☐ (d) none of these ☐

Question 20) Models representing a particular state in the Republic Day parade is called –

- (a) Pandal ☐ (b) langar ☐ (c) tableaux ☐ (d) none of these ☐

Question 21) Rassogulla and chamcham are the sweets belong to –

- (a) Bengal ☐ (b) Bihar ☐ (c) Punjab ☐ (d) Karnataka ☐

Question 22) 'Chatt' is the famous festival of

- (a) Punjab ☐ (b) Rajasthan ☐ (c) Bihar ☐ (d) Rajasthan ☐

Question 23) Who hoist the national flag on Republic Day?

- (a) Prime Minister ☐ (b) President ☐ (c) Chief Minister ☐ (d) governor ☐

Question 24) Who started satyagrah and strive for truth?

- (a) Mahatma Gandhi ☐ (b) Rahul Gandhi ☐ (c) Miss Mayawati ☐ (d) Mr. Laloo Yadav ☐

Question 25) Onam is celebrated for how many days?

- (a) 15 days ☐ (b) 48 days ☐ (c) 10 days ☐ (d) 20 days ☐

